Ipomoea clarkei Hook. f. (Convolvulaceae)—A new distributional record for Raigad District, Maharashtra, India

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ABSTRACT:
The said species Ipomoea clarkei was collected for the first time from Kankeshwar forest, Alibag and hence is a new distributional record for Raigad, Maharashtra. Due to its rare nature of occurrence, less documentation and scrutiny of literature, the species is less known in taxonomic terms. The present paper thus provides a detailed taxonomic description and illustration of the species for its easy identification.

KEY WORDS: Endemic, Illustration, Rare, Record, Morphology.

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INTRODUCTION:

*Ipomoea* is one of the largest genus in the family Convolvulaceae (Morning Glory Family) represented by about 500 species of which 60 species are native to India\(^1\). In India, the genus is represented by about 65 species\(^2,3,4,5,6,7\), while in Maharashtra state the number is about 38\(^8,9\).

*Ipomoea clarkei* is endemic to India and have been reported from various regions of Maharashtra namely Western Ghats and Satpuda range of Khandesh region\(^10\). Recently Rasingamet al\(^11\) reported the occurrence of species from Eastern Ghats in Nagarjunasagar-Srisailam Tiger Reserve.

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION:

The species was collected from semi evergreen forest of Kankeshwar at an elevation of about 1261 feet above sea level. Kankeshwar is a popular place for its cool climate, dense forest and famous Lord Shiva temple which is about 13 Km from Alibag, Raigad. After complete morphological studies from the literature, the species was identified as *Ipomoea clarkei* Hook. f. As this species is rare in occurrence, for confirmation the specimen was sent to Dr. George Staples, Singapore Botanic Garden, who confirmed the species identification as *Ipomoea clarkei*.

Taxonomic treatment:

*Ipomoea clarkei*


Annual slender twinning herb. *Roots* tuberous pendulous. *Stem* slender, less hairy as compare to other plant parts. *Leaves* 3.5-10.5 x 2.2-7cm, ovate-broad ovate-lanceolate with deeply cordate rounded 1-4 cm lobes at the base, entire margin, acuminate apex up to 1cm long, pubescent, lower surface is more hairy as compare to upper surface, 7 nerved at the base; petiole pubescent, 3-11 cm long. *Inflorescence* 1-2 flowered cyme; peduncle slender, pubescent, 0.5 -2.5 cm; bracts up to 4mm long, subulate; bactrioles up to 2 mm long; pedicel 0.5 to 1.8 cm long, slender pubescent, slightly thickened towards the apex at fruiting stage. *Flowers* yellow, 3 to 4 cm long. *Calyx* 5 unequal, 5 -10 mm long, 0.1 mm diameter, hairy on outer side while glabrous at inner side, quincuncial, ovate-lanceolate, entire along the margin, acute to acuminate apex, slightly narrow at the base. *Corolla* infundibula form up to 3.5 cm long, tube up to 2.4 cm long, glabrous. *Stamens* 5 unequal, inserted, epipetalous, white; filament white, glabrous, tapering at the apex, slightly dilated and
pubescent at the base; anther white, 3mm long, sagittate shape, basifixed; pollen echinulate. Style up to 2.7 cm long, white, glabrous, nectary disc at the base; stigma white, globose, slightly 2 lobed with a rough surface. Ovary ovate, bilocular, axile placentation. Fruit capsular, ovoid, glabrous up to 1.4 cm long, beaked, 4 valved, 4 seeded. Seeds puberulent, 4-5 mm long, dark brown.

**Flowering and fruiting:** August to November

**Vernacular name:** Sonpungali

**Distribution:** Eastern Ghat, Western Ghats of Maharashtra (Nasik, Pune and Thane district), Malshej Ghat, Satpuda range of Khandesh region, and now from Raigad District.

**Habitat and ecology:** Mixed dry deciduous forest, open rocky grassland and now from an elevation of about 1200 feet in hilly rocky cliffs.

**Specimen examined:** Kew Barcode No. K000830816, Kew Barcode No.K001081777 and BSID No. 8005.

**RESULTS AND DISCUSSION:**

*Ipomoea clarkei* is one of the endemic species to India, particularly to the Western Ghats. The present collection adds one more distributional record for the state Maharashtra. The recent collection from the Eastern Ghats might prove its wide distribution, thus more and more floristic exploration are encouraged for the complete understanding of such rare species. The present collection also proves the high frequency of endemism of *Ipomoea clarkei* to India.

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**REFERENCES:**


FIGURE 1. *Ipomoea clarkie* A. Flower upper view with leaves; B. Flower side view with leaves; C. Pendulous roots; D. Seeds; E. Capsule; F. Androecium; G. Gynoecium; H. Habitat Photographs: © Mr. Pravin Kawale and Miss. Preeti V. Phate
FIGURE 2. *Ipomoea clarkia*. Habit; b. Leaf; c. Corolla front view; d. Root; e. Anther; f. Stigma; g. Capsule; h. Seed.
FIGURE 3. Distribution map of *Ipomoea clarkie*.